

SCOR[®] Quick Reference Guide



scor[®]

Supply Chain Operations
Reference model

**VERSION
11.0**

SCOR Metrics

Performance Attributes

The performance attributes of a supply chain permit it to be analyzed and evaluated against other supply chains with competing strategies. SCOR identifies five core supply chain performance attributes: Reliability, Responsiveness, Agility, Costs, and Asset Management. Without these characteristics it is difficult to compare an organization that strategically chooses to be the low-cost provider against an organization that chooses to compete on reliability and performance.

Directly associated with the performance attributes are the Level 1 strategic metrics. These Level 1 metrics are the calculations by which an organization can measure how successful it is in achieving its desired positioning within the market space.

Many metrics in the SCOR model are hierarchical, just as the process elements are hierarchical. Level 1 metrics are created from lower level calculations. Level 2 metrics are generally associated with a narrower subset of processes. For example, Delivery Performance is calculated as the total number of products delivered on time and in full based on a commit date. Additionally, metrics (diagnostics) are used to diagnose variations in performance against plan. For example, an organization may wish to examine the correlation between the request date and commit date.

Reliability

RL.1.1 - Perfect Order Fulfillment

RL.2.1 - % of Orders Delivered In Full

RL.3.33 - Delivery Item Accuracy

RL.3.35 - Delivery Quantity Accuracy

RL.2.2 - Delivery Performance to Customer Commit Date

RL.3.32 - Customer Commit Date Achievement Time Customer Receiving

RL.3.34 - Delivery Location Accuracy

RL.2.3 - Documentation Accuracy

RL.3.31 - Compliance Documentation Accuracy

RL.3.43 - Other Required Documentation Accuracy

RL.3.45 - Payment Documentation Accuracy

RL.3.50 - Shipping Documentation Accuracy

RL.2.4 - Perfect Condition

RL.3.12 - % Of Faultless Installations

RL.3.24 - % Orders/Lines Received Damage Free

RL.3.41 - Orders Delivered Damage Free Conformance

RL.3.42 - Orders Delivered Defect Free Conformance

RL.3.55 - Warranty and Returns

Responsiveness
RS.1.1 - Order Fulfillment Cycle Time
RS.2.1 - Source Cycle Time
RS.3.8 - Authorize Supplier Payment Cycle Time
RS.3.35 - Identify Sources of Supply Cycle Time
RS.3.107 - Receive Product Cycle Time
RS.3.122 - Schedule Product Deliveries Cycle Time
RS.3.125 - Select Supplier and Negotiate Cycle Time
RS.3.139 - Transfer Product Cycle Time
RS.3.140 - Verify Product Cycle Time
RS.2.2 - Make Cycle Time
RS.3.33 - Finalize Production Engineering Cycle Time
RS.3.49 - Issue Material Cycle Time
RS.3.101 - Produce and Test Cycle Time
RS.3.114 - Release Finished Product to Deliver Cycle Time
RS.3.123 - Schedule Production Activities Cycle Time
RS.3.128 - Stage Finished Product Cycle Time
RS.3.142 - Package Cycle Time
RS.2.3 - Deliver Cycle Time
RS.3.16 - Build Loads Cycle Time
RS.3.18 - Consolidate Orders Cycle Time
RS.3.46 - Install Product Cycle Time
RS.3.51 - Load Product & Generate Shipping Documentation Cycle Time
RS.3.102 - Receive & Verify Product by Customer Cycle Time
RS.3.110 - Receive Product from Source or Make Cycle Time
RS.3.111 - Receive, Configure, Enter, & Validate Order Cycle Time
RS.3.116 - Reserve Resources and Determine Delivery Date Cycle Time
RS.3.117 - Route Shipments Cycle Time
RS.3.120 - Schedule Installation Cycle Time
RS.3.124 - Select Carriers & Rate Shipments Cycle Time
RS.3.126 - Ship Product Cycle Time
RS.2.4 - Delivery Retail Cycle Time
RS.3.17 - Checkout Cycle Time
RS.3.32 - Fill Shopping Cart Cycle Time
RS.3.34 - Generate Stocking Schedule Cycle Time
RS.3.97 - Pick Product from Backroom Cycle Time
RS.3.109 - Receive Product at Store Cycle Time

Agility
AG.1.1 - Upside Supply Chain Flexibility
AG.2.1 - Upside Flexibility (Source)
AG.2.2 - Upside Flexibility (Make)
AG.2.3 - Upside Flexibility (Deliver)
AG.2.4 - Upside Return Flexibility (Source)
AG.2.5 - Upside Return Flexibility (Deliver)
AG.1.2 - Upside Supply Chain Adaptability
AG.2.6 - Upside Adaptability (Source)
AG.2.7 - Upside Adaptability (Make)
AG.2.8 - Upside Adaptability (Deliver)
AG.2.9 - Upside Return Adaptability (Source)
AG.2.10 - Upside Return Adaptability (Deliver)
AG.1.3 - Downside Supply Chain Adaptability
AG.2.11 - Downside Adaptability (Source)
AG.2.12 - Downside Adaptability (Make)
AG.2.13 - Downside Adaptability (Deliver)
AG.1.4 - Overall Value at Risk (VAR)
AG.2.14 - Supplier's/Customer's/ Product's Risk Rating
AG.2.15 - Value at Risk (Plan)
AG.2.16 - Value at Risk (Source)
AG.2.17 - Value at Risk (Make)
AG.2.18 - Value at Risk (Deliver)

Cost	Asset Management Efficiency
CO.1.001 - Total Cost to Serve	AM.1.1 - Cash-to-Cash Cycle Time
CO.2.001 - Planning Cost	AM.2.1 - Days Sales Outstanding
CO.3.001 - Planning Labor Cost	AM.2.2 - Inventory Days of Supply
CO.3.002 - Planning Automation Cost	AM.3.16 - Inventory Days of Supply (Raw Material)
CO.3.003 - Planning Property, Plant and Equipment Cost	AM.3.17 - Inventory Days of Supply (WIP)
CO.3.004 - Planning GRC and Overhead Cost	AM.3.23 - Recycle Days of Supply
CO.2.002 - Sourcing Cost	AM.3.28 - Percentage Defective Inventory
CO.3.005 - Sourcing Labor Cost	AM.3.37 - Percentage Excess Inventory
CO.3.006 - Sourcing Automation Cost	AM.3.44 - Percentage Unserviceable MRO Inventory
CO.3.007 - Sourcing Property, Plant and Equipment Cost	AM.3.45 - Inventory Days of Supply (Finished Goods)
CO.3.008 - Sourcing GRC, Inventory and Overhead Cost	AM.2.3 - Days Payable Outstanding
CO.2.003 - Material Landed Cost	AM.1.2 - Return on Supply Chain Fixed Assets
CO.3.009 - Purchased Materials Cost	AM.2.5 - Supply Chain Fixed Assets
CO.3.010 - Material Transportation Cost	AM.3.11 - Fixed Asset Value (Deliver)
CO.3.011 - Material Customs, Duties, Taxes and Tariffs Cost	AM.3.18 - Fixed Asset Value (Make)
CO.3.012 - Material Risk and Compliance Cost	AM.3.20 - Fixed Asset Value (Plan)
CO.2.004 - Production Cost	AM.3.24 - Fixed Asset Value (Return)
CO.3.014 - Production Labor Cost	AM.3.27 - Fixed Asset Value (Source)
CO.3.015 - Production Automation Cost	AM.1.3 - Return on Working Capital
CO.3.016 - Production Property, Plant and Equipment Cost	AM.2.6 - Accounts Payable (Payables Outstanding)
CO.3.017 - Production GRC, Inventory and Overhead Cost	
CO.2.005 - Order Management Cost	
CO.3.018 - Order Management Labor Cost	
CO.3.019 - Order Management Automation Cost	
CO.3.020 - Order Management Property, Plant and Equipment Cost	
CO.3.021 - Order Management GRC and Overhead Cost	
CO.2.006 - FulfillmentCost	
CO.3.022 - Transportation Cost	
CO.3.023 - FulfillmentCustoms, Duties, Taxes and Tariffs Cost	
CO.3.024 - FulfillmentLabor Cost	
CO.3.025 - FulfillmentAutomation Cost	
CO.3.026 - FulfillmentProperty, Plant and Equipment Cost	
CO.3.027 - FulfillmentGRC, Inventory and Overhead Cost	
CO.2.007 Returns Cost	
CO.3.028 - Discounts and Refunds Cost	
CO.3.029 - Disposition Cost	
CO.3.030 - Return GRC, Inventory and Overhead Cost	
CO.2.008 Cost of Goods Sold	

SCOR Processes

The Supply Chain Operations Reference (SCOR®) model describes the business activities associated with all phases of satisfying a customer's demand. The model itself is organized around the five primary management processes of Plan, Source, Make, Deliver, Return and Enable. Using these process building blocks, the SCOR model can be used to describe supply chains that are very simple or very complex using a common set of definitions across disparate industries. Today public and private organizations and companies around the world use the model as a foundation for global and site-specific supply chain improvement projects.

SCOR spans all customer interactions (quote to cash), all physical material transactions (procure to payment, including equipment, supplies, spare parts, bulk product, software, etc.) and all market interactions (manufacturing, from the understanding of aggregate demand to the fulfillment of each order).

The model is designed and maintained to support supply chains of various complexities and across multiple industries. The Council has focused on three process levels and does not attempt to prescribe how a particular organization should conduct its business or tailor its systems or information flow.

People— Supply Chain Skills

The people section introduced in SCOR 10.0 provides means for managing talent in the supply chain by incorporating a standard for describing the expertise required to perform tasks and manage processes. The SCOR skills management complements the existing process, metrics, and practice reference components by aligning people and their skills to the processes.

A Skill in SCOR is the capacity to deliver predetermined results with minimal input of time and energy, characterized by a standard definition with associated experience, aptitudes, and training.

Experience is the knowledge or ability acquired by observation or active participation, obtained by doing the work in a real life environment, and undergoing different situations that require different actions.

Aptitude is a natural, acquired, learned, or developed ability to perform a certain kind of work at a certain level.

Training develops a skill or type of behavior through instruction.

All people skills are coded with a capital letter H followed by a capital letter representing the element: S for Skills, A for Aptitudes, E for Experience and T for Training. These are followed by a period and a four digit number. Note: The number in the ID is a unique identifier and does NOT indicate any kind of priority, importance, or other meaning.

sP - Plan

sP1 Plan Supply Chain	sP2 Plan Source	sP3 Plan Make	sP4 Plan Deliver	sP5 Plan Return
<p>sP1.1: Identify, Prioritize and Aggregate Supply Chain Requirements</p> <p>sP1.2: Identify, Prioritize and Aggregate Supply Chain Resources</p> <p>sP1.3: Balance Supply Chain Resources with SC Requirements</p> <p>sP1.4: Establish and Communicate Supply Chain Plans</p>	<p>sP2.1: Identify, Prioritize and Aggregate Product Requirements</p> <p>sP2.2: Identify, Assess and Aggregate Product Resources</p> <p>sP2.3: Balance Product Resources with Product Requirements</p> <p>sP2.4: Establish Sourcing Plans</p>	<p>sP3.1: Identify, Prioritize and Aggregate Production Requirements</p> <p>sP3.2: Identify, Assess and Aggregate Production Resources</p> <p>sP3.3: Balance Production Resources with Production Requirements</p> <p>sP3.4: Establish Production Plans</p>	<p>sP4.1: Identify, Prioritize and Aggregate Delivery Requirements</p> <p>sP4.2: Identify, Assess and Aggregate Delivery Resources</p> <p>sP4.3: Balance Delivery Resources and Capabilities with Delivery Requirements</p> <p>sP4.4: Establish Delivery Plans</p>	<p>sP5.1: Assess and Aggregate Return Requirements</p> <p>sP5.2: Identify, Assess and Aggregate Return Resources</p> <p>sP5.3: Balance Return Resources with Return Requirements</p> <p>sP5.4: Establish and Communicate Return Plans</p>

sR - Return

sSR1 Source Return Defective Product	sSR2 Source Return MRO Product	sSR3 Source Return Excess Product	sDR1 Deliver Return Defective Product	sDR2 Deliver Return MRO Product
<p>sSR1.1: Identify Defective Product Condition</p> <p>sSR1.2: Disposition Defective Product</p> <p>sSR1.3: Request Defective Product Return Authorization</p> <p>sSR1.4: Schedule Defective Product Shipment</p> <p>sSR1.5: Return Defective Product</p>	<p>sSR2.1: Identify MRO Product Condition</p> <p>sSR2.2: Disposition MRO Product</p> <p>sSR2.3: Request MRO Return Authorization</p> <p>sSR2.4: Schedule MRO Shipment</p> <p>sSR2.5: Return MRO Product</p>	<p>sSR3.1: Identify Excess Product Condition</p> <p>sSR3.2: Disposition Excess Product</p> <p>sSR3.3: Request Excess Product Return Authorization</p> <p>sSR3.4: Schedule Excess Product Shipment</p> <p>sSR3.5: Return Excess Product</p>	<p>sDR1.1: Authorize Defective Product Return</p> <p>sDR1.2: Schedule Defective Return Receipt</p> <p>sDR1.3: Receive Defective Product (includes verify)</p> <p>sDR1.4: Transfer Defective Product</p>	<p>sDR2.1: Authorize MRO Product Return</p> <p>sDR2.2: Schedule MRO Return Receipt</p> <p>sDR2.3: Receive MRO Product</p> <p>sDR2.4: Transfer MRO Product</p>

sS - Source			sM - Make	
sS1 Source Stocked Product	sS2 Source Make-to-Order Product	sS3 Source Engineer-to-Order Product	sM1 Make-to-Stock	sM2 Make-to-Order
<p>sS1.1: Schedule Product Deliveries</p> <p>sS1.2: Receive Product</p> <p>sS1.3: Verify Product</p> <p>sS1.4: Transfer Product</p> <p>sS1.5: Authorize Supplier Payment</p>	<p>sS2.1: Schedule Product Deliveries</p> <p>sS2.2: Receive Product</p> <p>sS2.3: Verify Product</p> <p>sS2.4: Transfer Product</p> <p>sS2.5: Authorize Supplier Payment</p>	<p>sS3.1: Identify Sources of Supply</p> <p>sS3.2: Select Final Supplier and Negotiate</p> <p>sS3.3: Schedule Product Deliveries</p> <p>sS3.4: Receive Product</p> <p>sS3.5: Verify Product</p> <p>sS3.6: Transfer Product</p> <p>sS3.7: Authorize Supplier Payment</p>	<p>sM1.1: Schedule Production Activities</p> <p>sM1.2: Issue Material</p> <p>sM1.3: Produce and Test</p> <p>sM1.4: Package</p> <p>sM1.5: Stage Product</p> <p>sM1.6: Release Product to Deliver</p> <p>sM1.7: Waste Disposal</p>	<p>sM2.1: Schedule Production Activities</p> <p>sM2.2: Issue Sourced/In-Process Product</p> <p>sM2.3: Produce and Test</p> <p>sM2.4: Package</p> <p>sM2.5: Stage Finished Product</p> <p>sM2.6: Release Finished Product to Deliver</p> <p>sM2.7: Waste Disposal</p>
sE - Enable				
sDR3 Deliver Return Excess Product	sE1 Manage Supply Chain Business Rules	sE2 Manage Supply Chain Performance	sE3 Manage Supply Chain Data and Information	sE4 Manage Supply Chain Human Resources
<p>sDR3.1: Authorize Excess Product Return</p> <p>sDR3.2: Schedule Excess Return Receipt</p> <p>sDR3.3: Receive Excess Product</p> <p>sDR3.4: Transfer Excess Product</p>	<p>sE1.1: Gather Business Rule Requirements</p> <p>sE1.2: Interpret Business Rule Requirement</p> <p>sE1.3: Document Business Rule</p> <p>sE1.4: Communicate Business Rule</p> <p>sE1.5: Release/Publish Business Rule</p> <p>sE1.6: Retire Business Rule</p>	<p>sE2.1: Initiate Reporting</p> <p>sE2.2: Analyze Reports</p> <p>sE2.3: Find Root Causes</p> <p>sE2.4: Prioritize Root Causes</p> <p>sE2.5: Develop Corrective Actions</p> <p>sE2.6: Approve & Launch</p>	<p>sE3.1: Receive Maintenance Request</p> <p>sE3.2: Determine/Scope Work</p> <p>sE3.3: Maintain Content/Code</p> <p>sE3.4: Maintain Access</p> <p>sE3.5: Publish Information</p> <p>sE3.6: Verify Information</p>	<p>sE4.1: Identify Skills/Resource Requirement</p> <p>sE4.2: Identify Available Skills/Resources</p> <p>sE4.3: Match Skills/Resources</p> <p>sE4.4: Determine Hiring/Redeployment</p> <p>sE4.5: Determine Training/Education</p> <p>sE4.6: Approve, Prioritize and Launch</p>

	sD - Deliver			
sM3 Engineer-to-Order	sD1 Deliver Stocked Product	sD2 Deliver Make-to-Order Product	sD3 Deliver Engineer-to-Order Product	sD4 Deliver Retail Product
sM3.1: Finalize Production Engineering sM3.2: Schedule Production Activities sM3.3: Issue Sourced/In-Process Product sM3.4: Produce and Test sM3.5: Package sM3.6: Stage Finished Product sM3.7: Release Product to Deliver sM3.8: Waste Disposal	sD1.1: Process Inquiry and Quote sD1.2: Receive, Enter, and Validate Order sD1.3: Reserve Inventory and Determine Delivery Date sD1.4: Consolidate Orders sD1.5: Build Loads sD1.6: Route Shipments sD1.7: Select Carriers and Rate Shipments sD1.8: Receive Product from Source or Make sD1.9: Pick Product sD1.10: Pack Product sD1.11: Load Vehicle & Generate Shipping Docs sD1.12: Ship Product sD1.13: Receive and verify Product by Customer sD1.14: Install Product sD1.15: Invoice	sD2.1: Process Inquiry and Quote sD2.2: Receive, Configure, Enter and Validate Order sD2.3: Reserve Inventory and Determine Delivery Date sD2.4: Consolidate Orders sD2.5: Build Loads sD2.6: Route Shipments sD2.7: Select Carriers and Rate Shipments sD2.8: Receive Product from Source or Make sD2.9: Pick Product sD2.10: Pack Product sD2.11: Load Product & Generate Shipping Docs sD2.12: Ship Product sD2.13: Receive and verify Product by Customer sD2.14: Install Product sD2.15: Invoice	sD3.1: Obtain and Respond to RFP/RFQ sD3.2: Negotiate and Receive Contract sD3.3: Enter Order, Commit Resources & Launch Program sD3.4: Schedule Installation sD3.5: Build Loads sD3.6: Route Shipments sD3.7: Select Carriers & Rate Shipments sD3.8: Receive Product from Source or Make sD3.9: Pick Product sD3.10: Pack Product sD3.11: Load Product & Generate Shipping Docs sD3.12: Ship Product sD3.13: Receive and verify Product by Customer sD3.14: Install Product sD3.15: Invoice	sD4.1: Generate Stocking Schedule sD4.2: Receive Product at Store sD4.3: Pick Product from backroom sD4.4: Stock Shelf sD4.5: Fill Shopping Cart sD4.6: Checkout sD4.7: Deliver and/or install
sE5 Manage Supply Chain Assets	sE6 Manage Supply Chain Contracts	sE7 Manage Supply Chain Network	sE8 Manage Supply Chain Regulatory Compliance	sE9 Manage Supply Chain Risk
sE5.1: Schedule Asset Management Activities sE5.2: Take Asset Off-line sE5.3: Inspect and Troubleshoot sE5.4: Install and Configure sE5.5: Clean, Maintain and Repair sE5.6: Decommission and Dispose sE5.7: Inspect Maintenance sE5.8: Reinstate Asset	sE6.1: Receive Contract/Contract Updates sE6.2: Enter and Distribute Contract sE6.3: Activate/Archive Contract sE6.4: Review Contractual Performance sE6.5: Identify Performance Issues/Opportunities sE6.6: Identify Resolutions/Improvements sE6.7: Select, Prioritize and Distribute Resolutions	sE7.1: Select Scope and Organization sE7.2: Gather Input and Data sE7.3: Develop Scenarios sE7.4: Model/Simulate Scenarios sE7.5: Project Impact sE7.6: Select and Approve sE7.7: Develop Change Program sE7.8: Launch Change Program	sE8.1: Monitor Regulatory Entities sE8.2: Assess Regulatory Publications sE8.3: Identify Regulatory Deficiencies sE8.4: Define Remediation sE8.5: Verify/Obtain License sE8.6: Publish Remediation	sE9.1: Establish Context sE9.2: Identify Risk Events sE9.3: Quantify Risks sE9.4: Evaluate Risks sE9.5: Mitigate Risk

SCOR Practices

The SCOR Practices section contains management practices, software solutions, and definitions associated with each process. Companies use practices to identify alternative or desired ways for their supply chains to do business. The practices in SCOR may be a subset of the total practices a company recognizes. Supply Chain Council recommends companies interested in adopting SCOR to adapt SCOR by researching, reviewing and integrating relevant industry practices and company practices (internalization).

SCOR Practices are classified to simplify identification of practices by area of interest:

- Business Process Analysis/Improvement
- Customer Support
- Distribution Management
- Information Management
- Inventory Management
- Manufacturing/Production
- Material Handling
- New Product Introduction
- Order Engineering (ETO)
- Order Management
- People Management (Incl. Training)
- Planning and Forecasting
- Product Life Cycle Management
- Purchasing
- Reverse Logistics
- Risk/Security Management
- Sustainable Supply Chain Management
- Transportation Management
- Warehousing

Special Applications

GreenSCOR

The following strategic environmental metrics allow the SCOR model to be used as a framework for environmental accounting:

- Carbon Emissions (Tons CO2 Equivalent)
- Air Pollutant Emissions (Tons or kg)
- Liquid Waste Generated (Tons or kg)
- Solid Waste Generated (Tons or kg)
- % Recycled Waste (Percent)

The SCOR framework ties emissions to the originating processes, providing a structure for measuring environmental performance and identifying where performance can be improved. The hierarchical nature of the model allows strategic environmental footprint goals to be translated to specific targets and activities.

The Supply Chain Operations Reference (SCOR®) model is the product of Supply Chain Council (SCC), an independent, nonprofit, global corporation with membership open to all companies and organizations interested in applying and advancing state-of-the-art supply chain management systems and practices. The SCOR model captures the Council's consensus view of supply chain management. While much of the underlying content of the model has been used by practitioners for many years, the SCOR model provides a unique framework that links business process, metrics, best practices, and technology features into a unified structure to support communication among supply chain partners and to improve the effectiveness of supply chain management and related supply chain improvement activities.



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Item no. 726770-en

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SCOR Online Access

The SCOR framework is also available online to members. The online version features easy navigation through linked definitions, performance metrics, best practices, and skills.

Visit: supply-chain.org/online-access